



## SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

**Glass Cuts:** Employ standard first aid practices. Consult a physician if necessary.

**Dust Inhalation:** Remove to a well-ventilated area. Consult a physician if necessary.

## SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

These lamps are not generally flammable, although some components of some lamps may be. These lamps are not known to spontaneously combust. If the lamps are involved in a fire, use standard fire-fighting procedures. Dial 911 for emergency assistance.

## SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Should breakage occur, the following measures are recommended:

**Glass:** Take usual precautions for collection of broken glass; use protective gloves and/or clothing. Place broken material in a closed container to prevent generation of excessive dust.

**Lead Solder:** Dispose of any lead-bearing sections of the lamp (ballast/driver circuitry) in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

**Mercury and other inorganic compounds:** When breaking large numbers of lamps for disposal, appropriate industrial hygiene monitoring and controls should be implemented to minimize airborne levels or surface contamination.

## SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store lamps appropriately; avoid storage areas that are wet or prone to flooding.

Keep lamps protected from accidental breakage. Should breakage occur, refer to the protective measures in Sections 6 & 8.

## SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Glass:** Wear gloves while handling broken glass.

**Lead Solder:** Wear gloves while handling electronic components, particularly those constructed with lead-bearing solder. Always wash hands after handling these materials.

**Dust from broken lamps:** If exposed to a large number of broken lamps (such as in preparing for lamp recycling), make sure to move to a well-ventilated area with local exhaust ventilation or wear protective breathing equipment.

## SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

N/A

## SECTION 10 – STABILITY & REACTIVITY

As constructed, the materials in these lamps are stable and non-reactive at standard operating temperatures.

## SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Mercury (Hg):** Inhalation of metallic mercury vapors or organic mercury may affect many different areas of the brain and their associated functions, resulting in a variety of symptoms. These include personality changes tremors, changes in vision, deafness, muscle incoordination, loss of sensation, and difficulties with memory.

**Glass:** Glass dust is considered to be physiologically inert, with an OSHA exposure limit of 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust and 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for respiratory dust.

**Phosphor (and ingredients):** There have been no significant adverse effects on humans by ingestion, inhalation, skin contact or eye contact with the phosphor mix in these lamps. Though some of the elemental ingredients in this mix are characterized by OSHA as hazardous materials, due to their insolubility, relatively low toxicity and small amount present, these materials do not present a significant hazard in the event of exposure.

## SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) conducted on these lamps showing no indication of hazardous waste leaching.

## SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL

Manage in accordance with federal, state and local disposal laws and regulations. See [www.lamprecycle.org](http://www.lamprecycle.org)

## SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT

N/A

## SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

N/A

## SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

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